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PRESIDING JUDGE KEVIN C. BRAZILE ISSUES NEW GENERAL ORDER EXTENDING TRIALS AS COVID-19 INCREASES IN LOS ANGELES COUNTY

Some Criminal Trials May Start in September

<u>Civil Jury Trials Continued until January 2021; Civil Non-Jury Trials May Not</u> <u>Commence Before Nov. 16 Under Terms of New Order</u>

<u>Some Unlawful Detainer Non-Jury Trials & Non-Jury Trials in Preference Cases</u> <u>May Begin on or After Oct. 5 in Compliance with Social Distancing Protocols</u>

Today, Presiding Judge Kevin C. Brazile executed a General Order to extend enumerated legal proceedings in Civil, Family, Probate, Juvenile and Criminal Divisions of the Court based on Chief Justice Tani G. Cantil-Sakauye's approval of the Court's request for emergency powers under Government Code section 68115. Today's Order seeks to balance the need to increase the Court's workload while keeping courthouses safe by reducing in-person appearances as COVID-19 rates of infections continue to increase in Los Angeles County.

"The Los Angles County Department of Public Health has expressed concerns to the Court about commencing jury trials and bringing jurors into County courthouses given the current COVID-19 numbers and trends," Presiding Judge Brazile said.

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GENERAL ORDER 2-2-2-2

While the Court has expedited an ambitious roll-out this summer of remote courtroom appearance solutions, Judge Brazile noted that "courthouses are not designed to facilitate social distancing given their fixed configuration." While the Court has made technology available to judicial officers to hold remote hearings, the Court – for legal and ethical reasons – cannot mandate remote appearances in every case.

"The Court cannot mandate remote appearances in criminal proceedings because emergency California Rules of Court Rules 3 and 5 for the most part authorize remote proceedings only where the defendant consents," Presiding Judge Brazile explained. Further, Presiding Judge Brazile noted, "The Court cannot mandate remote appearances in Civil trials due to logistical and evidentiary issues."

Since **Dependency** courts reopened on June 22, 2020, the vast majority of proceedings have been held remotely. However, social distancing mandates have strictly limited the number of cases each Dependency courtroom may hear daily. As a result, today's Order allows judicial officers to continue Dependency cases consistent with the Dependency Prioritization Plan, which "prioritizes Dependency cases for judicial officers to hear as quickly as circumstances allow in light of COVID-19," Presiding Judge Brazile said.

All non-jury trials, except **Small Claims** and **Traffic** trials, unless statutorily required otherwise, including in **General Civil**, **Criminal**, **Mental Health**, and **Probate** scheduled from August 10, 2020 to September 8, 2020, inclusive, are continued until further notice. **Civil** non-jury trials shall not be set to commence before November 16, 2020, except **Small Claims** and **Traffic** trials, which resumed today.

Family Law evidentiary proceedings, whether Family Code section 217 hearings or trials, other than Restraining Order hearings, that may be completed within two court days may be held. Family Law evidentiary proceedings expected to exceed two court days, shall not commence before November 20, 2020, except as authorized by the

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GENERAL ORDER 3-3-3-3

Supervising Judge of Family Law.

Under the Order, and to safeguard the well-being of court users and enforce social distancing:

- Prescheduled appointments are required for in-person services from the Clerk's Office, court support services, and/or the Self-Help Centers. Appointments may be made the same day for persons seeking Restraining Orders who have completed paperwork and arrive at the courthouse no later than 3 p.m. For telephone or video assistance, or to schedule an appointment, the telephone number for each courthouse is listed at the courthouse entrance and posted on the Court's website (www.lacourt.org).
- Access to proceedings shall be limited to the judicial officer presiding, Court personnel, parties, counsel, witnesses and those members of the public (including news reporters/media representatives) who can be accommodated in the designated courtroom while enforcing mandatory social distancing of at least six
 (6) feet. The determination of courtroom capacity shall be made by the Judge or Commissioner presiding in the courtroom.
- Parties and counsel are strongly urged to avoid in-person appearances and make use of technology to appear remotely whenever possible.
- Judicial officers are urged to avoid in-person hearings to the greatest extent
 possible and to use technology to conduct hearings and other court proceedings
 remotely for the duration of the state emergency related to the COVID-19
 pandemic. However, when the interests of justice require, judicial officers retain
 the discretion to require in-person appearances.
- In accordance with the July 6 General Order, all persons are required to wear face coverings over their nose and mouth while in a courthouse. Persons whose disabilities preclude them from wearing face coverings compliant with the California Department of Public Health Guidance Concerning the Use of Face Coverings issued on June 18, 2020, are urged to seek an accommodation under

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GENERAL ORDER 4-4-4-4

Rule 1.100 of the California Rules of Court in advance of their appearance.

 To enforce social distancing, each courtroom shall schedule only the number of matters during each session that can be conducted while enforcing mandatory social distancing requirements. Judicial officers will stagger their calendars to limit the number of persons who come to the courthouse at the same time.

The Court's *Here For You* | *Safe For You* initiative is designed to provide a safe courthouse environment while offering services that allow court business to be conducted remotely. Information on *Here For You* | *Safe For You* can be found here and on the Court's Twitter page (@LASuperiorCourt).

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FILED Superior Court of California County of Los Angeles

AUG 1 0 2020

Sherri R. Carter, Executive Officer/Clerk By <u>Rizalinda Mina</u>, Deputy

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER OF THE PRESIDING JUDGE RE COVID-19 PANDEMIC

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GENERAL ORDER

As the COVID-19 pandemic persists in Los Angeles County, the Superior Court of Los Angeles County (LASC or Court) continues to seek to balance the rights of those who come to court to enforce their rights with the health and well-being of litigants, attorneys, Court workers, judicial officers, and others who enter the courthouse during the COVID-19 pandemic. Following Governor Gavin Newsom's March 4, 2020 declaration of a state of emergency due to the COVID-19 pandemic and his issuance of the stay-at-home order on March 19, 2020, the Court had to determine how best to carry out its statutory duties while minimizing the number of people in its courthouses.

|| THE COURT HEREBY FINDS, AND ORDERS AS FOLLOWS:

1. Courthouse Access and Remote Appearances:

a. In the interest of safeguarding the well-being of court users and enforcing social distancing, persons seeking services from the Clerk's Office, court support services, and/or the Self-Help Centers must have a prescheduled appointment. Appointments may be made the same day for persons seeking restraining orders who have completed paperwork and arrive at the courthouse no later than 3:00 p.m. For telephone or video assistance, or to schedule an appointment, the telephone number for each courthouse is listed at the courthouse entry and posted on the Court's website, www.lacourt.org.

ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER OF THE PRESIDING JUDGE RE COVID-19 PANDEMIC

b. Access to LASC proceedings shall be limited to the judicial officer presiding, Court personnel, parties, counsel, witnesses, and those members of the public (including news reporters and news media representatives) as can be accommodated in the designated courtroom while enforcing mandatory social distancing of at least six (6) feet. The determination of courtroom capacity shall be made by the Judge or Commissioner presiding in the courtroom.

- c. In furtherance of Executive Order N-33-20, paragraph 4, subpart (b), and as required by the California Rules of Court, Emergency Rule 12, the Court orders all parties who use electronic filing to accept electronic service, except in those circumstances when personal service is required by law or where any of the parties are selfrepresented.
- d. Parties and counsel are strongly urged to avoid in-person appearances and make use of technology to appear remotely whenever possible.
- e. Judicial officers are urged to avoid in-person hearings to the greatest extent possible and to use technology to conduct hearings and other court proceedings remotely for the duration of the state of emergency related to the COVID-19 pandemic. However, when the interests of justice require, judicial officers retain the discretion to require in-person appearances.
- 2. Face Coverings and Social Distancing:

- a. In accordance with General Order No. 2020-GEN-016-01 issued on July 6, 2020, all persons are required to wear face coverings over their nose and mouth while in a courthouse. Persons whose disabilities preclude them from wearing face coverings compliant with the California Department of Public Health Guidance Concerning the Use of Face Coverings issued on June 18, 2020, are urged to seek an accommodation under Rule 1.100 of the California Rules of Court in advance of their appearance.
- b. To enforce social distancing, each courtroom shall schedule only the number of matters during each session that can be conducted while enforcing mandatory social

distancing requirements. Judicial Officers will stagger their calendars to limit the number of persons who come to the courthouse at the same time.

- 3. Civil Trial Continuances:
 - a. Public health authorities advise that the most effective means to reduce the possibility of exposure to the virus and to slow the spread of the disease is for individuals to avoid in-person gatherings with persons outside their households. County of Los Angeles and State of California public health officials have also mandated that individuals must wear face coverings over their noses and mouths, wash their hands frequently, and observe social distancing of at least six feet. Because court proceedings inherently involve many people,¹ as the Court determines how to operate during the pandemic, it cannot ignore the fact that many members of our community struggle to observe public health authority guidance.
- b. Moreover, courthouses are not designed to facilitate social distancing given their fixed configuration. Changing that configuration has security implications, affects the presentation of evidence, limits public access, and requires financial and other resources that the Court lacks in light of the10% reduction in its 2020-2021 fiscal year budget. In addition, the Court's 2021-2022 fiscal year budget will be cut by an additional 5%. Furthermore, while the Court accelerated its plans to implement technology to allow judicial officers to conduct proceedings remotely, for legal and equitable reasons, it cannot mandate remote appearances in every case. Specifically, the Court cannot mandate remote appearances in criminal jury trials because California Rules of Court (CRC) emergency rules 3 and 5 authorize remote appearances in civil jury trials due to logistical and social distancing concerns that would arise with respect to jury selection and jury deliberations. There are also evidentiary issues that prevent the Court from imposing mandatory remote civil jury trials.

¹ A typical criminal jury trial with one witness testifying involves a minimum of 22 people. Judge, judicial assistant, court reporter, bailiff, 12 jurors and 2 alternates, prosecutor, defense counsel, witness, and defendant.

c. These considerations take on different urgency as the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention warns that most of the U.S. population will be exposed to the coronavirus. The Los Angeles County Department of Public Health (DPH) reports that there are over 200,000 COVID-19 cases in Los Angeles County and over 5,000 deaths. The County of Los Angeles has the grim distinction of having the highest number of cases and deaths of the 58 counties in the State of California. For the five days from August 6, 2020 through August 10, 2020, the average number of new COVID-19 cases in Los Angeles County was approximately 2,900 per day and the average number of deaths during this same five-day period exceeded 40 per day. As of August 8, 2020, the number of hospitalizations in the County averaged 1,610 per day. DPH officials have also expressed concerns to the Court about commencing jury trials and bringing jurors into County courthouses given the current COVID-19 numbers and trends. The COVID-19 rates of infection, hospitalizations and deaths have increased significantly in Los Angeles County in the last thirty days such that holding jury trials substantially increases the likelihood of transmitting the coronavirus in courthouses. Based on the foregoing, the Court finds and concludes that conducting civil jury trials would also likely place prospective jurors, litigants, attorneys, and court personnel at unnecessary risk and that risk outweighs the interests of the public and the parties in a trial. Accordingly, the Court finds good cause to continue any and all civil jury trials until January 2021.

d. In addition, pursuant to Penal Code section 1050, the Court will give preference and priority for available jurors and jury trials to criminal cases. Presently, there are over 7,000 criminal cases that must be tried to satisfy defendants' statutory speedy trial rights prescribed in Penal Code section 1382.

4. Juvenile Dependency Prioritization Plan Continuances:

a. Whereas, from March 20, 2020 to June 22, 2020, the Juvenile Dependency courts heard only those matters defined as "Essential Functions," in the General Orders

issued by Presiding Judge Kevin C. Brazile. All previously scheduled Dependency matters were continued. At the direction of Presiding Judge Brazile, in preparation for resuming full operations the Hon. Victor H. Greenberg, Presiding Judge of Juvenile, developed a prioritization plan (Dependency Prioritization Plan) that strictly limited the daily number of cases each Dependency courtroom would hear. This plan considered the social distancing capacity of the Dependency courtrooms and the available public waiting areas in the Edmund D. Edelman Children's Court and the Alfred J. McCourtney Juvenile Justice Center. Such preparation was necessary and designed to protect children, parents, family members, foster parents, other litigants, attorneys, and court staff from the transmission of COVID-19, a highly contagious respiratory virus while they waited in close proximity for hours in public areas of the courthouse. It would also protect them in courtrooms that in most cases are too small to hold all participants when the Court enforces social distancing protocols.

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- b. Whereas, efforts to safeguard the well-being of litigants, counsel, court personnel and judicial officers preclude Dependency courts from handling the same number of cases they did pre-pandemic. As a result, there is a substantial backlog of proceedings that continues to grow as new cases are filed and the ability of judicial officers to hear cases is constrained by social distancing protocols.
- c. Whereas, when the Dependency courts reopened on June 22, 2020, they were equipped with technology that enabled them to conduct hearings remotely. While social distancing protocols limit courtroom capacity significantly, remote hearing technology enables litigants and counsel to access the courts safely. Since Dependency courts resumed full operations on June 22, 2020, they have held the vast majority of proceedings remotely.
- d. Whereas, when the Dependency court resumed operations, its judicial officers were encouraged to use the Dependency Prioritization Plan as a guide but were reminded that they retained the discretion to advance hearings on cases they continued so long

as they could do so within available resources and, if in person, in compliance with social distancing protocols.

e. Consequently, in light of the severe risks of exposure to the coronavirus that children, litigants, family members, attorneys, and court personnel would face if the Court returned to pre-pandemic calendaring practices, pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code section 352, my authority consistent with the emergency rules the Judicial Council adopted, and my authority under rule 10.603 of the Cal. Rules of Court, I find good cause to continue dependency cases consistent with the Dependency Prioritization Plan as follows:

Dependency Prioritization Plan		
Type of Proceeding	No. of Calendar Days from June 22, 2020	
Adjudication (detained) & Disposition	1-60	
(detained)		
Welfare & Institutions Code	60-120	
§§366.21e, 366.21f, 366.22, and 366.25		
Adjudication (in home placement) and	120-180	
Disposition (in home placement)		
Welfare & Institutions Code §§366.3,	180-220	
366.26, and 388, NMD		
Welfare & Institutions Code §364,	220-270	
Adoption, Progress Reports, Non-		
emergent walk on requests		

f. The Dependency Prioritization Plan, coupled with the discretion judicial officers have to advance cases in need of immediate attention, is designed to address the delays caused by COVID-19 public health concerns. It prioritizes dependency cases for judicial officers to hear as quickly as circumstances allow in light of COVID-19.

5. Juvenile Dependency and Juvenile Delinquency Emergency Order Continuances:

a. The Court extends the time periods provided in section 313 of the Welfare and Institutions Code within which a minor taken into custody pending dependency proceedings must be released from custody to not more than seven (7) days, applicable only to minors for whom the statutory deadline would otherwise expire from August 10, 2020 to September 8, 2020, inclusive. b. The Court extends the time periods provided in section 315 of the Welfare and Institutions Code within which a minor taken into custody pending dependency proceedings must be given a detention hearing to not more than seven (7) days, applicable only to minors for whom the statutory deadline would otherwise expire from August 10, 2020 to September 8, 2020, inclusive.

c. The Court extends the time periods provided in sections 632 and 637 of the Welfare and Institutions Code within which a minor taken into custody pending wardship proceedings and charged with a felony offense must be given a detention hearing or rehearing to not more than seven (7) days, applicable only to minors for whom the statutory deadline would otherwise expire from August 10, 2020 to September 8, 2020, inclusive.

d. The Court extends the time period provided in section 334 of the Welfare and Institutions Code within which a hearing on a juvenile dependency petition must be held by not more than fifteen (15) days, applicable only to minors for whom the statutory deadline would otherwise expire from August 10, 2020 to September 8, 2020, inclusive.

e. The Court extends the time period provided in section 657 of the Welfare and Institutions Code within which a hearing on a wardship petition for a minor charged with a felony offense must be held by not more than fifteen (15) days, applicable only to minors for whom the statutory deadline otherwise would expire from August 10, 2020 to September 8, 2020, inclusive.

6. Criminal Continuances:

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a. One of the most important principles of our constitutional democracy is the right of persons accused of a crime to have a speedy trial. Preserving that right while protecting the well-being of all participants in a trial during a pandemic involving a highly contagious respiratory virus is an unprecedented challenge for trial courts.

b. A combination of judicial emergency orders issued pursuant to Government Code

1 section 68115, emergency rules issued by the Judicial Council and Statewide Orders 2 issued by Chief Justice Tani Cantil-Sakauye (collectively, "Extension Authority") have 3 extended the time period provided by Penal Code section 1382 for the holding of a 4 criminal trial in Los Angeles County from March 17, 2020 until October 13, 2020. The 5 extensions are applicable to cases in which the original or previously extended deadline 6 expired during the periods referenced in the Extension Authority. 7 c. Pursuant to the authority granted by the March 30, 2020 Statewide Emergency Order 8 by Tani G. Cantil-Sakauye, Chief Justice of California and Chair of the Judicial 9 Council, which the Court implemented in its General Order No. 2020-GEN-007-00 10 issued on April 2, 2020, and until further notice, the Court extends the time provided by 11 section 859b of the Penal Code for the holding of a preliminary examination and the 12 defendant's right to release from 10 court days to not more than 30 court days. 13 d. The Court extends the time period provided in section 1382 of the Penal Code for the 14 holding of a criminal trial by not more than 30 days, applicable only to cases in which 15 the original or previously extended statutory deadline otherwise would expire from 16 August 14, 2020 to October 13, 2020, inclusive.² 17 e. The Court extends by 90 calendar days the time to submit status reports and progress 18 reports for defendants for whom a status report or progress report was due from August 19 10, 2020 to September 8, 2020, inclusive. The Court shall provide notice of when the 20 new proceeding will be held. 21 f. The Court extends by 90 calendar days, unless statutorily required otherwise, the time 22 to hold misdemeanor post-arraignment proceedings in which the defendant is out of 23 ² This General Order implements the extension authority granted by the Chief Justice for all cases whose last day 24 falls within the emergency period (i.e., August 14, 2020 to October 13, 2020), extending the Penal Code section 1382 deadline in all such cases without the need for a further order in each individual case. General Order Nos. 2020-GEN-018-25

detailine in an such cases without the field for a further order in cach individual case. General Order Nos. 2020-GEN-019-00
 o0 and 2020-GEN-019-00 operate similarly to implement the applicable extensions in those orders, and those orders
 extending the Penal Code section 1382 deadline do not expire and remain in effect unless expressly rescinded by a
 subsequent order. If the last day in a case falls within the emergency period of multiple General Orders, the extension shall
 apply separately and consecutively under each General Order. For example, the last day for trial in a case in which the

apply separately and consecutively inder each General Order. For example, the last day for that in a case in which the statutory deadline otherwise would expire on July 16, 2020 is extended to August 15, 2020 under No. 2020-GEN-018-00, extended to September 14, 2020 under No. 2020-GEN-019-00, and further extended to October 13, 2020 under No. 2020-GEN-019-00.

1		custody that would otherwise be set from August 10, 2020 to September 8, 2020,
2		inclusive.
3	7.	Civil Continuances:
4		a. <u>Unlawful Detainer:</u>
5		The Court deems August 10, 2020 to September 8, 2020, inclusive, a holiday/holidays
6		for purposes of computing time under Code of Civil Procedure section 1167. The Court
7		finds good cause to continue all unlawful detainer trials without a determination
8		pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 1170.5(c).
9		b. Small Claims:
10		The Court deems August 10, 2020 to September 8, 2020, inclusive, a holiday/holidays
11		for purposes of computing the time under Code of Civil Procedure section 116.330(a)
12		(requires a small claims matter to be scheduled for hearing no earlier than 20 days, but
13		not more than 70 days from the date of the order directing the parties to appear at the
14		hearing).
15	8.	Traffic and Infraction Arraignments:
16		All traffic and infraction arraignments scheduled from August 10, 2020 to September 8,
17		2020, inclusive, are continued. The parties shall receive notice of the date on which the
18		hearing shall be set.
19	9.	Trial Continuances:
20		a. All non-jury trials, except Small Claims and Traffic trials, unless statutorily required
21		otherwise, including in General Civil, Criminal, Mental Health, and Probate scheduled
22		from August 10, 2020 to September 8, 2020, inclusive, are continued until further
23		notice. All pre-trial dates for trials that are continued pursuant to this paragraph are also
24		continued consistent with the new trial date.
25		b. Except as noted below, Civil non-jury trials shall not be set to commence before
26		November 16, 2020.
27		i. Small Claims and Traffic trials will resume on August 10, 2020.
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2020-GEN-020-00

 ii. The Court plans to set certain Unlawful Detainer non-jury trials, and those non-jury trials in preference cases that can be tried in compliance with social distancing protocols, to commence on or after October 5, 2020.

c. All unlimited and limited Civil jury trials, including Unlawful Detainer trials, scheduled from August 10, 2020 to September 8, 2020, inclusive, are continued until further notice. The parties shall be notified of the continued trial date by the court. All pre-trial dates for trials that are continued pursuant to this paragraph are also continued consistent with the new trial date.

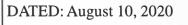
i. Except as noted below, the Court will not set any Civil jury trials to commence before January 2021.

 Certain Unlawful Detainer jury trials will be set to commence on or after October 5, 2020.

10. Family Law evidentiary proceedings, whether Family Code section 217 hearings or trials, other than restraining order hearings, that may be completed within two court days may be held. Family Law evidentiary proceedings the total duration of which is expected to exceed two court days shall not commence before November 16, 2020, except as authorized by the Supervising Judge of Family Law.

THIS ORDER IS EFFECTIVE IMMEDIATELY AND WILL REMAIN IN EFFECT UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, OR UNTIL ITS PROVISIONS EXPIRE BY THEIR TERMS, ARE RESCINDED, AMENDED, OR ARE SUPERSEDED BY SUBSEQUENT ORDERS. THIS ORDER MAY BE AMENDED AS CIRCUMSTANCES REQUIRE.

GOOD CAUSE APPEARING THEREFOR, IT IS SO ORDERED.





Sumple **KEVIN C. BRAZILE Presiding Judge**

ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER OF THE PRESIDING JUDGE RE COVID-19 PANDEMIC